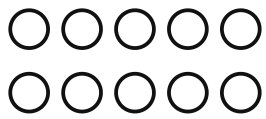
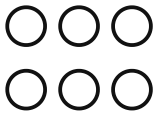
Doubles Facts: Doubles to 5 + 5

Look at the two rows of dots. Say the double, then write the answer.



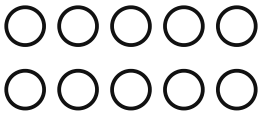
5 + 5 = ☐



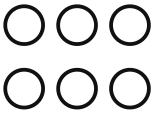
3 + 3 = ☐



1 + 1 = ☐



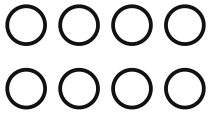
5 + 5 = ☐



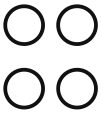
3 + 3 = ☐



1 + 1 = ☐



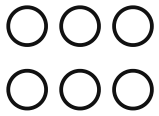
4 + 4 = ☐



2 + 2 = ☐

Doubles Facts: Doubles to 5 + 5

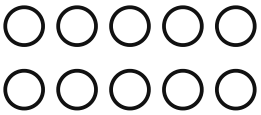
Look at the two rows of dots. Say the double, then write the answer.



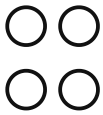
3 + 3 = ☐



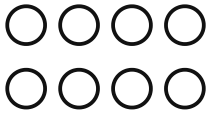
1 + 1 = ☐



5 + 5 = ☐



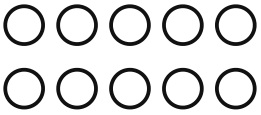
2 + 2 = ☐



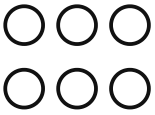
4 + 4 = ☐



1 + 1 = ☐



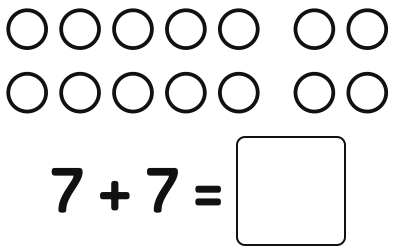
5 + 5 = ☐



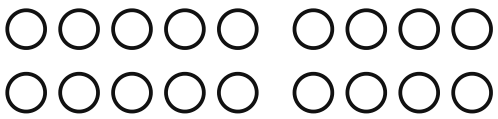
3 + 3 = ☐

Doubles Facts: Doubles 6 + 6 to 10 + 10

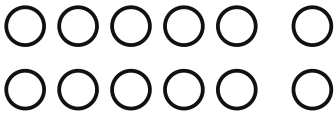
Each row is five and some more. Say the double, then write the answer.



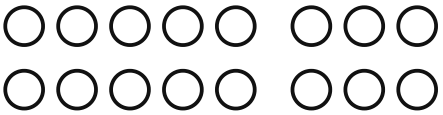
7 + 7 = ☐



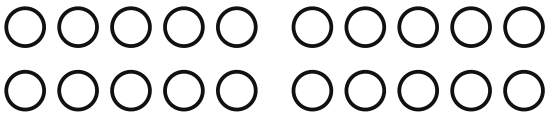
9 + 9 = ☐



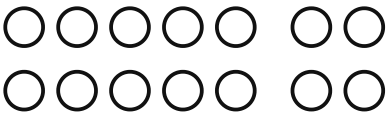
6 + 6 = ☐



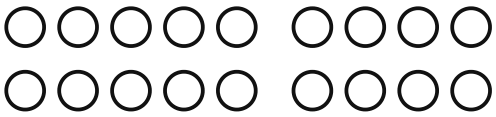
8 + 8 = ☐



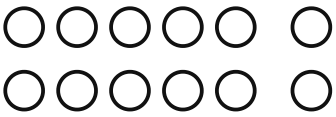
10 + 10 = ☐



7 + 7 = ☐



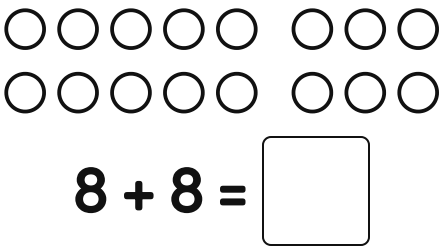
9 + 9 = ☐



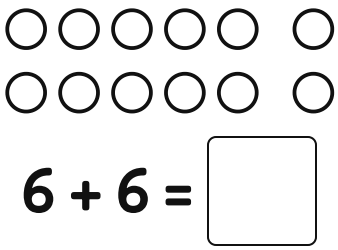
6 + 6 = ☐

Doubles Facts: Doubles 6 + 6 to 10 + 10

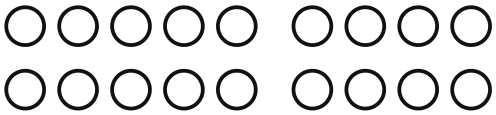
Each row is five and some more. Say the double, then write the answer.



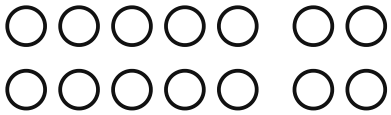
8 + 8 = ☐



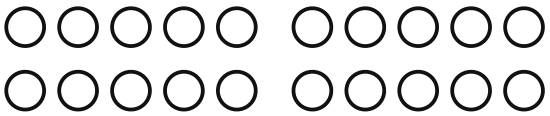
6 + 6 = ☐



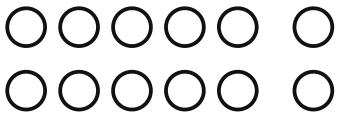
9 + 9 = ☐



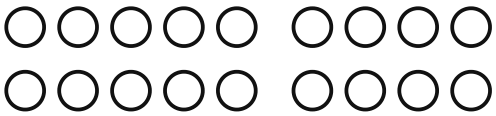
7 + 7 = ☐



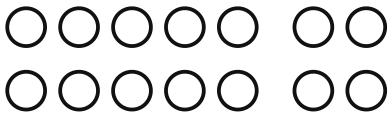
10 + 10 = ☐



6 + 6 = ☐



9 + 9 = ☐



7 + 7 = ☐

Doubles Facts: All the Doubles

Say the double first, then write the answer.

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ +\ 6 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$2 + 2 = \square$

$6 + 6 = \square$

$4 + 4 = \square$

$7 + 7 = \square$

$3 + 3 = \square$

$8 + 8 = \square$

$10 + 10 = \square$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ +\ 5 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ +\ 9 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$1 + 1 = \square$

$9 + 9 = \square$



Doubles Facts: All the Doubles

Say the double first, then write the answer.

$8 + 8 = \square$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ +\ 6 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$9 + 9 = \square$

$4 + 4 = \square$

$2 + 2 = \square$

$6 + 6 = \square$

$1 + 1 = \square$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ +\ 5 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

$10 + 10 = \square$

$3 + 3 = \square$

$7 + 7 = \square$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ +\ 9 \\ \hline \square \end{array}$$

Doubles Facts: The Missing Double

Both numbers in a double are the same. Write the missing number.

$\square + \square = 20$

$6 + \square = 12$

$9 + \square = 18$

$\square + \square = 6$

$\square + \square = 10$

$\square + \square = 14$

$2 + \square = 4$

$4 + \square = 8$

$\square + \square = 16$

$5 + \square = 10$



Doubles Facts: The Missing Double

Both numbers in a double are the same. Write the missing number.

$9 + \square = 18$

$\square + \square = 10$

$\square + \square = 16$

$6 + \square = 12$

$4 + \square = 8$

$\square + \square = 20$

$\square + \square = 14$

$\square + \square = 6$

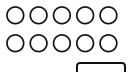
$5 + \square = 10$

$2 + \square = 4$

Doubles Facts: Answer Key, Pages 1 to 4

For the grown-up. Each red number sits where your child writes it.

Page 1


5 + 5 = 10


3 + 3 = 6


1 + 1 = 2


5 + 5 = 10


3 + 3 = 6


1 + 1 = 2


4 + 4 = 8


2 + 2 = 4

Page 2


3 + 3 = 6


1 + 1 = 2


5 + 5 = 10


2 + 2 = 4

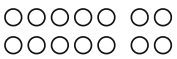

4 + 4 = 8

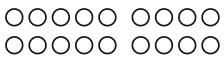

1 + 1 = 2

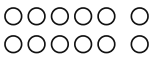

5 + 5 = 10

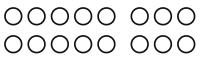

3 + 3 = 6

Page 3

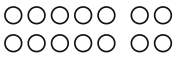

7 + 7 = 14

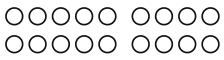

9 + 9 = 18

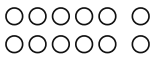

6 + 6 = 12


8 + 8 = 16


10 + 10 = 20

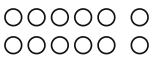

7 + 7 = 14

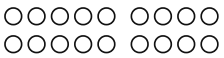

9 + 9 = 18

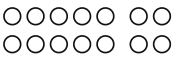

6 + 6 = 12

Page 4

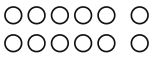

8 + 8 = 16

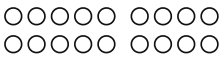

6 + 6 = 12

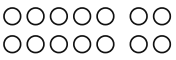

9 + 9 = 18


7 + 7 = 14


10 + 10 = 20


6 + 6 = 12


9 + 9 = 18


7 + 7 = 14

Doubles Facts: Answer Key, Pages 5 to 8

For the grown-up. Each red number sits where your child writes it.

Page 5

6 + 6 = 12	2 + 2 = 4	6 + 6 = 12
4 + 4 = 8	7 + 7 = 14	3 + 3 = 6
8 + 8 = 16	10 + 10 = 20	5 + 5 = 10
9 + 9 = 18	1 + 1 = 2	9 + 9 = 18

Page 6

8 + 8 = 16	6 + 6 = 12	9 + 9 = 18
4 + 4 = 8	2 + 2 = 4	6 + 6 = 12
1 + 1 = 2	5 + 5 = 10	10 + 10 = 20
3 + 3 = 6	7 + 7 = 14	9 + 9 = 18

Page 7

10 + 10 = 20	6 + 6 = 12
9 + 9 = 18	3 + 3 = 6
5 + 5 = 10	7 + 7 = 14
2 + 2 = 4	4 + 4 = 8
8 + 8 = 16	5 + 5 = 10

Page 8

9 + 9 = 18	5 + 5 = 10
8 + 8 = 16	6 + 6 = 12
4 + 4 = 8	10 + 10 = 20
7 + 7 = 14	3 + 3 = 6
5 + 5 = 10	2 + 2 = 4

For Grown-Ups: How to Use These Worksheets

A few minutes a day, from kindergarten to second grade. Each activity has two pages, the same facts in a new order.

Why use it

Doubles, such as 6 + 6, are often the first facts children know by heart, because the two numbers match. Schools teach them early because they unlock other facts: once 6 + 6 = 12 is known, 6 + 7 is just one more. The dot pictures let your child see a double before writing it.

What it is good for

- Doubles to 5 + 5 with pictures, then 6 + 6 to 10 + 10, each row a five and some more.
- All ten doubles in numbers, written across and in columns.
- Halves: the missing double, such as which number twice makes 14.

How to use it

1. On the picture pages, your child counts one row, then says the double: 3 and 3 make 6.
2. On the bigger doubles, point to the five in each row: 7 is five and 2.
3. On pages 5 and 6, say each double aloud before writing the answer.
4. For a missing double, ask what number twice makes the total.
5. Check with the answer key. Each red number sits where your child writes it.

> **Try saying:** “Four and four. Say it with me: four plus four is eight. So what is four plus five?”

Tip: Two hands make 10 fingers, and an egg carton is 6 and 6: doubles are everywhere.